50 ways the West Midlands has made its mark
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From bicycles, rugby and heavy metal to the latest advances in life sciences and zero carbon technology, the West Midlands’ innovators, products and ideas have helped drive Britain forward and shape the world.

The West Midlands is home to creators, makers and innovators. From the birthplace of the industrial revolution through to the UK’s first multi-city testbed for 5G technology – the West Midlands has remained at the forefront of change for centuries. This collection of 50 facts showcase the region’s contribution to the world.

While much is known about the West Midlands’ industrial past, its influence spans the present day and is helping to shape the future. From leading the way on smart mobility through to a strong focus on creative technologies, the people who live and work here continue to make their mark.

The pacemaker; the world’s leading brain cancer drug; links between flashes on television and epilepsy; and the world’s first Ibuprofen patch were all pioneered in the Universities of the West Midlands.

Alongside the Universities, which help to accelerate the region’s development, there are many unique attractions. The West Midlands is the birthplace of Shakespeare, rugby and 2-tone music. It has inspired many, including JRR Tolkien and heavy metal music.

Come and join us – telling our story, experiencing our unique attractions or joining our successful business clusters.
Getting down to business

From the first Lloyds Bank in 1864 to HSBC’s ring-fenced banking HQ in 2019, the West Midlands is one of Europe’s largest and fastest-growing Business, Professional and Finance Services (BPFS) clusters.

1. Making a statement

The first Lloyds Bank was opened in Oldbury in 1864. The bank was originally set up in 1765 by John Taylor and Sampson Lloyd as a private banking business in Dale End, Birmingham.

Today, the West Midlands is a major banking and finance centre, with 321,000 employees working at more than 43,000 BPFS companies. The region is a base for big names such as Deutsche Bank, PwC and HSBC, which started as the Birmingham and Midlands Bank in 1836.
Planes, trains and automobiles

From the penny-farthing to the Range Rover Sport, the West Midlands manufacturing industry remains influential.

2. The penny drops
In the mid-1800s, Coventry-born inventor James Starley created the first practical bicycle. Coventry became home to Britain’s first cycle factory, manufacturing the penny-farthing in 1871.

Starley’s influence spread across the West Midlands, with John Richard Dedicoat inventing the bicycle bell in Birmingham some years later.

3. All aboard VLR
The next generation of tram systems is being developed by engineers and researchers at Warwick Manufacturing Group at the University of Warwick. They will be tested across Dudley before a permanent track is installed in Coventry. Very Light Rail will improve the efficiency and cost of tram vehicles and with the objective to make the vehicles autonomous.

4. A head of steam
In 1712, Thomas Newcomen and his partner John Calley built the first fuel-burning engine at the Conygree Coalworks near Dudley. Today, the West Midlands is at the heart of HS2, with the National College for High-Speed Rail training the rail engineers of the future.
From the penny-farthing to the Range Rover Sport, the West Midlands manufacturing industry remains influential.

5. In the driving seat

The West Midlands is the centre of UK automotive R&D. Birmingham-based Lucas Industries invented the first car horn, manufacturer Mills Munitions patented the first windscreen wiper and Coventry engineer Charles Humpherson created car indicators.

Wolverhampton-based inventor Thomas Parker built the first practical electric car, while the Wolverhampton-built Sunbeam motor car became the first vehicle to reach 200mph when it broke the land speed record. Wolverhampton-based firm, Guy Motors, produced armour plated cars to protect the Royal family and Winston Churchill during World War II. Today, Jaguar Land Rover’s plants in Wolverhampton and Solihull continue to drive automotive ambition.

6. Magnificent magnesium

Birmingham City University formed the Magnesium Innovation Group with the world’s largest producer of magnesium die case components, Meridian Lightweight Technologies UK, to address the misconceptions and underuse of magnesium in industry. Its researchers are transforming the future of magnesium by showing its importance to the transport industry – such as aerospace – as a viable alternative to steel or aluminium.
Planes, trains and automobiles

From the penny-farthing to the Range Rover Sport, the West Midlands manufacturing industry remains influential.

7. High flyers

Actuation systems play a huge role in creating a safe journey for everybody on board an aircraft. The systems are a vital link between the flight controls and hydraulic systems - every commercial plane flying in the sky contains actuators made in the City of Wolverhampton. Moog, whose history in Wolverhampton dates back to 1938, supplies aircraft around the world such as Boeing and Airbus. Other cutting-edge specialists operating in the aerospace sector include Meggitt, IPG Photonics and Arrowsmith Engineering in Coventry, plus Bromford Industries and Dunlop Tyres in Birmingham.

8. Electric dreams

Coventry is leading the charge in zero-emission machines. Microcab, a spin-out company from Coventry University, develops and manufactures hydrogen fuel cells for use in electric vehicles. The West Midlands continues to show its commitment to the low carbon economy.
Mechanical masterminds

Letters, locks and leather. Creation and innovation have always been part of the West Midlands' DNA.

9. Chain reaction

Cradley Heath had become Britain’s chain-making hub before the turn of the 20th century. In response to poor working conditions, the National Federation of Women Workers took strike action that led to the introduction of the minimum wage in 1910. After ten weeks of industrial action, 60% of employers had agreed to pay the minimum wage.

10. Pen pals

In 1777, Birmingham engineer James Watt patented a ‘letter copying machine’ to deal with the mass of paperwork at his business. It’s credited as the first ever photocopier. Just down the road in the Jewellery Quarter, John Mitchell created a machine to mass produce steel nib pens.

By the 1820s, 75% of everything written in the world was with a Birmingham pen. Today, Katjes Magic Candy Factory owns the first 3D printer that can personalise gummy sweets.

11. Glass act

Dudley-born Lawrence Southwick was one of the first glassmakers in America, pioneering his craft in Salem, the country’s first glass manufacturing district. In 1832, Smethwick’s Chance Brothers and Co. were the first company to adopt the cylinder method of producing sheet glass. They became the largest British manufacturer of window glass, plate glass and optical glasses.
Letters, locks and leather. Creation and innovation have always been part of the West Midlands’ DNA.

12. Saddlers’ delight

Walsall is Britain’s capital of leather goods, rising into an international saddle-making centre at the start of the 20th century. J&E Sedgwick – now owned by Abbey England – remains the sole premium name in English bridle leather and the only hand-currier in the UK.

13. Green heart

No city is better placed than Birmingham to lead the revolution in green energy. The University of Birmingham is world-renowned as a specialist in energy storage, with Birmingham City University hosting a dedicated Centre for Low Carbon Research. The region’s low carbon sector is the most productive in the UK, outstripping the national average for GVA per employee.

14. Stamping down

Walsall Security Printers developed and printed the world’s first self-adhesive stamps in the 1960s. More than 70% of its stamp output is produced for overseas markets, including Europe and Japan, making the company – now International Security Printers Ltd (ISP) – a major export success in the West Midlands.
Letters, locks and leather. Creation and innovation have always been part of the West Midlands’ DNA.

15. Tecton titans

World-renowned modernist architects The Tecton Group designed 12 concrete structures at Dudley Zoo, which were built between 1936 and 1937. The sites were created to protect the welfare of the animals and meet visitors’ demands for a clear view from a safe position.

16. No easy pick

Willenhall, in the borough of Walsall, has been the centre of the country’s lock industry for 400 years. Wolverhampton firm Chubb was awarded a special licence by King George IV in the early 1800s.

The company became the sole supplier of locks to the General Post Office and Her Majesty’s Prison Service. At its peak, 90% of the locks produced in England were made in Willenhall and Wolverhampton.
A new lease of life

Home to more MedTech companies than any other UK region. Home to one of the largest hospitals in Europe. The West Midlands sits at the forefront of medical advancement.

17. X-ray vision

By pioneering the use of X-ray imaging, Birmingham’s John Hall-Edwards kickstarted a whole new field of medical science. He was also the first medical professional to use radiation during a surgical operation and took the first ever X-ray image of a human spine.

Today, Queen Elizabeth Hospital Birmingham was the first hospital outside London to use the radiotherapy machine CyberKnife, which uses robots to target radiation on hard-to-reach tumours. It delivers a beam with 0.1mm precision.

18. World authority on epilepsy

Professor Graham Harding of Aston University was the first person to find a link between flashes of light on television programmes or video games and epilepsy during the 1990s. Dr Harding published more than 150 research papers on photosensitive epilepsy. In 1993, he helped the British regulatory agency for television to draft guidelines on how to prevent triggering seizures in epilepsy sufferers.
A new lease of life

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19. World’s first Ibuprofen patch

University of Warwick and Coventry-based company Medherant has produced and patented the world’s first ibuprofen patch, delivering the drug directly through skin to exactly where it is needed at a consistent dose rate. This paves the way for the development of a range of long-acting, over-the-counter pain relief products, without the need to take potentially damaging doses of the drug orally.

20. Revolutionary brain cancer treatment

The world’s leading brain cancer drug temozolomide was created by Professor Malcolm Stevens and his team at Aston University in 1987. In combination with radiotherapy, temozolomide has become the international standard-of-care for thousands of people with this type of cancer.

21. Devoted Dora

Dorothy Wyndlow Pattison – better known as Sister Dora – was famed for her nursing and medical skills at her Walsall cottage hospital in the 1860s. Her unrelenting devotion to the welfare of her patients, mirrored by staff across NHS wards today, ensured the death rate among victims in the industrial Black Country remained lower than at London’s teaching hospitals.
A new lease of life

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22. Ground-breaking treatment for heart conditions

Dr Helen Maddock of Coventry University has developed a new way to test the effect of drugs on the heart without using human or animal trials. The expert in cardiovascular physiology and pharmacology formed the spin-out company InoCardia Ltd to implement the ground-breaking method.

Dr Maddock’s technique, which uses real human heart tissue for all tests, has the potential to shave years off the development of successful drugs for a range of treatments.

23. Pioneering pacemaker research

The pacemaker has transformed the lives of patients with heart rate conditions around the world. The technology as we know it today is the result of landmark research by heart surgeon Leon Abrams and electronic engineer Ray Lightwood, both alumni of the University of Birmingham.

Today, the university is leading the way in life sciences with its research into liver transplantation and revolutionary tools in the fight against infection.
West Midlands advances to the next level

From the first traffic lights and the oldest digital computer, to Silicon Spa and our 5G testbed. The West Midlands continues to boast a thriving creative and digital sector.

24. Green light

Wolverhampton was the first place in the UK to pioneer automated traffic lights in 1927. In easing congestion at the junction of Lichfield Street and Princess Street in Princes Square, Wulfrunians brought us one of the most recognised – and widely used – global traffic systems.

25. The next level of gaming

Warwickshire’s globally significant video game development cluster – known as Silicon Spa – has more than 10% of the total UK games development workforce. It’s home to over 130 of the country’s best gaming companies, including Playground Games, creators of the acclaimed Forza series.

As well as the hours of fun created in households across the globe, Silicon Spa creates 3,000 to 3,500 full-time employees and generates an estimated £224 million in GVA each year.
West Midlands advances to the next level

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26. Jewel in the crown

Birmingham’s Jewellery Quarter produces 40% of the country’s jewellery, alongside boxing belts, the FIFA World Player of the Year awards and 12 million items at Europe’s largest Assay Office.

Located in the heart of the famous quarter, Birmingham City University’s School of Jewellery is the largest in Europe, with graduates going on to work for prestigious brands including Tiffany’s, Tag Heuer and Cartier. Unique courses include Jewellery, Horology and Gemmology.

27. Region makes ITs mark

Birmingham-born mathematician and computer scientist Conway Berners-Lee was part of the team which, in 1951, unveiled the Ferranti Mark 1, the world’s first ever commercially-available electronic computer.

The world’s oldest original digital computer is the WITCH (Wolverhampton Instrument for Teaching Computing from Harwell), which was used at the University of Wolverhampton in the 1950s.

Today, the West Midlands continues its innovation at the forefront of technology through the region’s new 5G testbed plans.
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28. Who?
Coventry-born Delia Derbyshire created the original theme tune to Doctor Who in 1963. A pioneer of electronic music, Delia’s recording was created before the availability of commercial synthesizers. Each note was individually created by cutting, splicing, speeding up and slowing down segments of analogue tape.

The tape containing recordings of a single plucked string, white noise, and the simple harmonic waveforms of test-tone oscillators, which were usually used for calibrating equipment and rooms.

29. Going in for the kiln
Carol McNicoll, a studio potter from Solihull, is credited with helping to transform the British ceramics scene in the late 1970s. McNicoll creates eccentric ceramics that also serve a domestic function, be it a teapot, plate or a vessel and often fetch four-figure prices.
West Midlands advances to the next level

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30. Keeping the digital work secure

In an increasingly uncertain world, West Midlands universities are innovating to address issues of systems security, including in transport, healthcare and connected infrastructure.

The University of Wolverhampton’s Cyber Research Institute is vital to the sector through its collaboration and innovative research, while experts from Coventry University’s Centre for Mobility and Transport are developing unique early warning systems for cyber security threats.

31. Box-office Birmingham

Born in Birmingham in 1813, Alexander Parkes invented celluloid, used across the globe in cinematic film. Its development is heralded as the birth of the Hollywood film industry. Birmingham businessman Oscar Deutsch, who - along with Birmingham-born film pioneers Michael Balcon and Victor Saville - was instrumental in starting the UK's film industry, founded the Odeon chain of cinemas in 1930.

Today, the city centre is a popular filming location, with Steven Spielberg's Ready Player One visiting several Birmingham sites including the Jewellery Quarter. Peaky Blinders creator Steven Knight has announced plans to boost Birmingham's film industry by building a new studio complex in 2020.
A flavour of the region

From Cadbury and custard to Digbeth Dining Club. The West Midlands continues to make its mark on the culinary scene.

32. Chocoholics

In 1824, John Cadbury began selling tea, coffee and drinking chocolate in Bull Street, Birmingham. Cadbury's innovative production of cocoa essence in the 1860s helped transform the small business into one of the world's largest confectionary companies.

Today, Cadbury is one of the world's best-selling brands, found in more than 40 countries and manufactured in more than 15 countries around the world. It employs around 70,000 people.

33. Custard start

Bird's Custard was first formulated and cooked in 1837 at a chemist shop in Birmingham. Alfred Bird's unique powdered custard recipe was so well received by dinner guests, he would form Alfred Bird and Sons Ltd to increase wider production.

He went on to invent a baking powder, which is the same used in kitchens across the world today. Bird was also an MP for Wolverhampton West. Other kitchen staples invented in Birmingham include Typhoo Tea, HP Sauce and Bournville drinking chocolate, while Coventry is known for its baked puff pastries called Godcakes. The Black Country is famous for its traditional pubs and breweries.

Today, the Custard Factory is at the heart of Birmingham's buzzing creative and digital district - set in 15 acres of beautifully restored Victorian factories.
A flavour of the region

From Cadbury and custard to Digbeth Dining Club. The West Midlands continues to make its mark on the culinary scene.

34. Top of the food chain

The West Midlands is at the epicentre of the nation's culinary map – led by Solihull-born chef and television personality Glynn Purnell. The region is home to six Michelin-starred restaurants, alongside an award-winning street food scene including Digbeth Dining Club and the Balti Triangle.

The five second rule – the ‘unofficial law’ that you can still eat food when it's been dropped on the floor – has been proven correct by Aston University microbiologists.

35. Home comforts

West Midlands innovations can be found in every home. Birmingham’s John Heard invented the stove, while Birmingham firm Arthur Price was the first to make spoons and forks from chromium plate. Birmingham’s Arthur Leslie Large, George Andrew Darby and Walter Griffiths invented the electric kettle, smoke alarm and portable vacuum cleaner respectively.

The University of Birmingham’s John Randall and Harry Boot invented a high-powered microwave generator, a vital component in the commercial microwave oven.

West Bromwich firm Salters Houseware Ltd created the UK’s first bathroom scales. Today, Walsall-based Homeserve launched the Leakbot to detect household leaks and Midlands entrepreneur Nick Holzherr founded digital food application Whisk.
Shakespeare and Tolkien. Regis and Cunningham. Sabbath and Smith. The West Midlands remains a proud hub of culture and creativity.

36. Literary heroes

Born in Stratford-upon-Avon, William Shakespeare continues to be one of the most important literary figures in the world. The renowned poet, playwright and actor wrote 38 plays and 154 sonnets, creating 1,700 words in the process. The Birmingham Shakespeare Memorial Library is the first, oldest and largest collection in any public library in the world.

Warwickshire-born George Eliot was the pen name of Mary Ann Evans, whose novel Middlemarch has been described as the greatest in the English language, while JRR Tolkien's time in Birmingham influenced one of the best-selling novels ever written, The Lord of the Rings.

Today, the West Midlands continues to boast a thriving creative and media sector, with more than 10,000 companies based at venues including Birmingham's Custard Factory and Leamington’s Creative Quarter.

37. Broadcasting blockbusters

One of the hit television series of the last decade, Peaky Blinders is the brainchild of Birmingham-born screenwriter and film director Steven Knight. The gangster family drama begins in 1919 in post-war Birmingham and has spawned tours, clothing ranges, festivals and cocktails, as well as a host of television awards and critical acclaim. Many scenes are filmed at the Black Country Living Museum.

BBC Radio 4 soap opera The Archers is the world's longest running drama. The “everyday story of country folk” has been made in Birmingham since it was first broadcast in January 1951 and attracts more than five million listeners.
Beats, books and Blinders

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38. Crime fiction
While the patent for the popular board game 'Cluedo' was taken out by Birmingham's Anthony Ernest Pratt, the West Midlands now boasts several prominent crime fiction authors. Coventry’s Jim Grant – known by his pen name Lee Child – is famous for his Jack Reacher series, with debut book Killing Floor winning the Anthony Award for best first novel. Solihull’s Mark Billingham writes the best-selling Tom Thorne novels, while Wolverhampton's Lindsay Ashford and Angela Marsons write the Megan Rhys and D.I. Kim Stone series respectively.

39. The West Midlands rocks!
Black Sabbath, Judas Priest, Napalm Death and Led Zeppelin are bands from Birmingham and the West Midlands that pioneered the heavy metal music genre. Influenced by the industrial, urban environment of the West Midlands region at the time, the unique sound inspired successive bands such as Iron Maiden, Metallica and Nirvana.

Ozzy Osbourne and his bandmates have sold more than 70 million records worldwide and were inducted into the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame in 2006, alongside Elvis, Buddy Holly and The Beatles. Today's music scene is led by Walsall soul singer Jorja Smith, who won Best British Female at the 2019 Brit Awards and was nominated for a Grammy Award for Best New Artist in 2019.
Beats, books and Blinders

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40. Ska quality

The two-tone music genre was developed in Coventry during the late 1970s. West Midlands bands such as The Specials, The Beat and The Selecter were at the forefront of the two-tone scene – a fusion of ska, reggae and rocksteady with elements of punk rock and new wave.

The genre promoted and celebrated multiracialism, bringing ska and reggae to new heights of popularity across the country and dominating the pop charts.

41. A work of art

The West Midlands’ art scene includes the world’s largest collection of Pre-Raphaelite art at Birmingham Museum and Art Gallery; and one of the UK’s best collections of British and American pop art at Wolverhampton Art Gallery. The world-famous Garman Ryan collection at the New Art Gallery Walsall was one of the first new attractions to open in the UK in the 21st century.

More than a million people visit the West Midlands’ art galleries each year.

42. In the good books

Writers and creative talents Meera Syal, Sathnam Sanghera and Caitlin Moran all rely on their childhoods growing up in Wolverhampton to produce vibrant, thought-provoking stories, novels and screenplays. Their most popular titles include Anita and Me, The Boy with the Topknot and How to Build a Girl.
Beats, books and Blinders

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43. Headline acts

The West Midlands can claim the first ever female journalist and the first ever female commentator on Match of The Day.

Birmingham-born Marie Beauclerc pioneered the verbatim note taking skill, becoming a dedicated British journalist and later teaching at the Perry Barr Institute. In 2007, Wolverhampton-born Jacqui Oatley opened doors for women in the broadcasting world when she became the first female to commentate on BBC's Match of the Day.

44. A Black Country marvel

Walsall’s John Byrne is a comic book writer who has co-created a number of Marvel characters such as Kitty Pryde, Emma Frost, Sabretooth, Shadow King, Ant-Man, Bishop, Omega Red and Rachel Summers. In 2015, the first instalment of Ant-Man was released in cinemas and made more than half-a-billion dollars at the box office.

45. Funny man fundraiser

Sir Lenny Henry is a stand-up comedian, actor, singer, writer, and television presenter who was born in Dudley. He is known for co-founding charity Comic Relief and presenting and starring in a variety of television programmes and stage productions. Henry was given the Freedom of the Borough in 2013 and remains a regular visitor.
Beats, books and Blinders

Shakespeare and Tolkien. Regis and Cunningham. Sabbath and Smith. The West Midlands remains a proud hub of culture and creativity.

46. Running the show

The National Exhibition Centre (NEC) in Solihull is one of Europe’s leading exhibition and event centres. From BBC’s Good Food Show to Spring Fair and Resorts World, the NEC welcomes more than 2.4 million visitors and some 39,000 exhibiting companies each year.

The West Midlands is also home to key entertainment venues such as Birmingham’s Symphony Hall, Warwick Arts Centre, the Wolverhampton Grand Theatre, the Birmingham Hippodrome and Dudley Town Hall.
The birthplace of two world-renowned games. The West Midlands continues to champion its sporting talent.

47. Trailblazers

The West Midlands has a proud heritage of breaking down barriers in sport. Three West Bromwich Albion footballers, Laurie Cunningham, Brendon Batson and Cyrille Regis, are credited with inspiring a generation of black professional players in the UK.

Two of English football's leading female figures hail from Solihull – Karen Carney MBE and Baroness Karren Brady, with Halesowen's Jordanne Whiley the first-ever British woman to medal in Wheelchair tennis at an Olympic Games.

Walsall's Ellie Simmonds has won gold medals across three Paralympic Games, the first at the age of 13, while Coventry's Kare Adenegan is a multiple Paralympic medallist, winning BBC Young Sports Personality of the Year in 2018.

48. In a league of their own

The West Midlands is home to five of the oldest professional football teams in the world: Aston Villa (1874), Birmingham City (1875), Wolverhampton Wanderers (1877), West Bromwich Albion (1878) and Walsall (1888). In 1888, William McGregor of Aston Villa FC invited other clubs (including Wolves and West Brom) to play regular games of football, creating the Football League.

Wolves' match with Honved in December 1954 was instrumental in forming the European Cup, now known as the Champions League. In honour of his beloved Wolverhampton Wanderers, composer Sir Edward Elgar penned the world's first football chant, titled 'He Banged the Leather for Goal'.
Region gets the ball rolling

The birthplace of two world-renowned games. The West Midlands continues to champion its sporting talent.

49. Try-athlete
Rugby in Warwickshire is known throughout the world as the birthplace of the game. It was in the market town in 1823, while playing football at his school, that William Webb Ellis picked up the ball and ran. This moment, which took place on The Close at Rugby School, is the origin of Rugby Union, Rugby League, and American Football. Today, you can visit the momentous spot and dedicated museum.

50. Serving up a new sport
Lawn tennis was invented and first played in Birmingham over 150 years ago. Major Harry Gem created the game with JBA Perera in a back garden in Ampton Road, Edgbaston. Today, the city hosts a crucial Wimbledon warm-up tournament at the Edgbaston Priory Club.
Why the West Midlands?

Historically known as the ‘workshop of the world’, today the West Midlands’ diverse range of thriving sectors and entrepreneurial spirit continue to drive global innovation and change. Home to both established global brands and a new generation of businesses already shaping the future, the region is a natural home for designers, creators, makers, innovators, and pioneers who want to make their mark.

The West Midlands is now the fastest growing economy of any UK city region, and outside London and the South East is the strongest performing region for business births, FDI and exports.

The region’s diverse economy is a key factor underpinning this strong performance, with expanding finance, digital, life sciences, and advanced materials industries further fuelling the dynamism of the region’s globally leading transport, logistics and advanced manufacturing sectors.

The West Midlands is the most connected region in the UK: at the heart of the country’s motorway network and with the busiest railway station outside London. The region is within a four-hour commute of 90% of the UK’s population.

Unprecedented levels of investment into the region’s infrastructure will only enhance its position as the UK’s strategic centre. Europe’s largest infrastructure project, the HS2 high-speed railway, will place two new stations in the region and provide a seamless gateway to the rest of the country. Over the coming years, the project will transform the West Midlands by creating more than 100,000 jobs, adding £14 billion to the local economy, providing thousands of supply chain opportunities to local businesses and connecting over two million people.

Major, global events taking place in the region will capture a global audience and are already creating even more opportunities for businesses, with Coventry named the UK’s City of Culture 2021 and Birmingham hosting the 2022 Commonwealth Games.

There are a wide range of investment opportunities across the region, demonstrating that the West Midlands is open for business and offers a compelling global proposition. Choose the largest metropolitan region outside London with three major cities - Birmingham, Coventry and Wolverhampton.

Be part of our story > wmgrowth.com/invest
Universities

An internationally recognised academic community, world-class research institutions, and boundless talent. The West Midlands’ universities accelerate discovery, innovation and technological development.

For centuries, the West Midlands has helped drive Britain forward and shape the world. It has always been an engine of growth and a catalyst for change, a magnet for inquisitive minds and commercial innovators. And as we move forward with ever increasing pace, our universities provide the acceleration.

West Midlands universities educate 160,000 students and produce more than 55,000 graduates each year. Working closely with business and industry, their individual research and innovation specialisms combine to secure our region’s economic future.

Rooted in the West Midlands, their impact is global. Our universities are at the forefront of positive change: improving health, driving transport forward, storing energy, improving construction, advancing manufacturing, enabling entrepreneurs and making people’s lives better.

Each university makes a vital contribution, offering leadership and game-changing innovation in specialist fields. Our universities are researching, designing and building new business opportunities that drive the West Midlands forward.

Universities of the West Midlands is a collaboration between the largest six – Aston University, Coventry University, Birmingham City University, University of Birmingham, University of Warwick and Wolverhampton University.
Discover dynamic cities, charming green towns or wide-open spaces, the areas of the West Midlands present an exciting mix of backdrops, activities and unique experiences.

The region’s history of creating, making and innovation is on show at many unique attractions. Visitors can experience the birthplace of Shakespeare at the Royal Shakespeare Company in Stratford-upon-Avon, or the Shakespeare Memorial Room at the Library of Birmingham. Tourists also learn about the creation of rugby at the World Rugby Hall of Fame.

The region’s strong manufacturing heritage is celebrated at the Coventry Transport Museum, the Black Country Living Museum or the Jaguar Land Rover Experience. This industrial past also helped to influence heavy metal.

Visit MakeitWM.com and discover a region of surprises, creativity, innovation and passion.

Working in partnership with:
About us

The West Midlands Growth Company helps the region to make its mark nationally and internationally. Its primary purpose is to attract investment, jobs, visitors and businesses to the West Midlands.

It is committed to promoting the area as a leading place to invest, do business and visit, working in partnership with Local Enterprise Partnerships, Councils, Growth Hubs, Universities, Chambers of Commerce and hundreds of local businesses.

Find out more at > wmgrowth.com